

UNCCD COP 15, Abidjan 9. – 20. May 2022



Up-dated Agenda







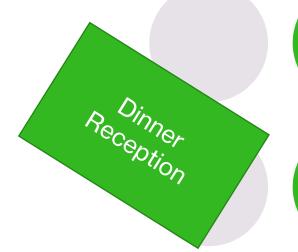




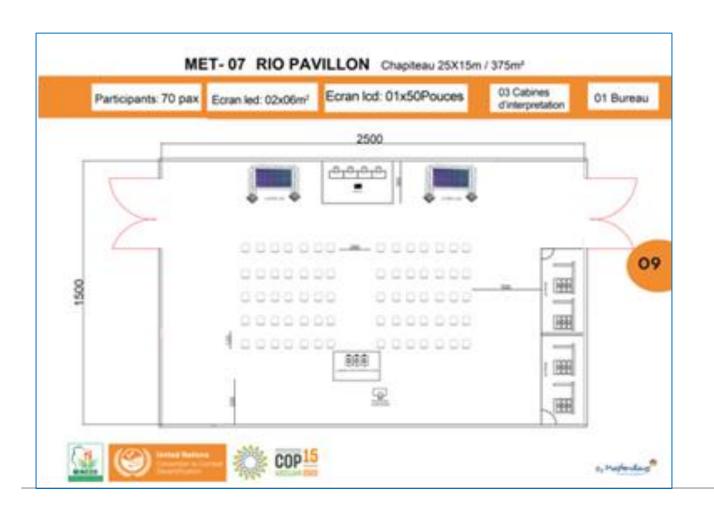




	Time 60 min	Theme
1	09:00-10:00	Opening Session
2	10:00-11:00	My Land My Rights Strengthening land tenure rights and security and its impact on Food systems (Land tenure) –
	11:00-11:30	Coffee break
3	11:30-12:30	Healthy Soil for a Healthy Planet Building resilient food systems for increased food and nutrition security, improved agroecology approaches, strengthened soil health. (Restoration)
	12.30–13:30	Planet friendly Lunch
4	13:30-14:30	Our Past Our Future: Use of local seeds and traditional practices Use of local seeds and traditional practices — conserves biodiversity and strengthens local and regional food systems, diverse and healthy diets and food sovereignty networks (agrobiodiversity)
5	14:30 - 15:30	Food Systems Transformation (agroecology, Food Forward Consortium, Coordination Hub)
	15:30–16:00	Coffee Break
6	16:00-17:00	Guardians of our Planet (Gender, migration)
7	17:00-17:30	Closing or alternative diet session (depending on speaker availability)



Rio Convention Pavillon



Capacity: 70 people

Translation: French-English-French

Communication & outreach

Title: Food Day @ Rio Pavilion UNCCD COP15

Two publication:

- (a) Manifesto: Towards Nature-positive: Ecosystems restoration for People, Nature and People(4-6 pager)
- (b) Recommendation Paper: (12-14 pages): presenting the 2 pager, summary report
 (2-pager: Land Tenure, Agrobiodiversity, Soil, Gender, Agroecology, grasslands) Logos (?)
 2 pager to be finalizes by 15. April
- (c) Social media and other material will be provided
- (d) WWF Webpage

Session outline: need your support

- All sessions will be <u>60 min</u>
- Two coffee breaks, lunch
- We want to have at least
 - One member state representative
 - One land hero/indigenous people/youth
 - Gender balance

Please check agenda for each session and add names (including title and bio)

Evening Reception

Contact WWF

Program outline

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- Barbara Bendandi <u>barbara.bendandi@wwf.de</u>
- Sanjo Malhotra <u>smalhotra@wwfint.org</u> (also contact for technic and catering)

Communication:

- Peter McFeely: pmcfeely@wwfint.org
- Ylva Johannesson <u>yjohannesson@wwfint.org</u>

Why?

- Desertification and land degradation affect around three billion people worldwide. Science tells us that land restoration is a cost-effective way to combat climate change and biodiversity loss.
- Many of the current global challenges are related to the food system, particularly the way that land is used and managed to produce food.
- Rapid decarbonization of all sectors is needed to achieve the 1.5 degree C target set in the Paris agreement, yet certain parts of the food system are still not included in climate negotiations and policy.
- Among the most pressing are the needs to mitigate and adapt to climate change, protect biodiversity, combat desertification and land degradation, and reduce yield gaps.
- Important to include the new focus on achieving land degradation neutrality (LDN) seeks to spark and grow transformative efforts to avoid, reduce, and reverse land degradation through gender- and socially equitable means
- Important to link health, biodiversity, climate with the land-use goals for a comprehensive food system transformation strategy.





FOOD DAY

Food conference at UNCCD Rio Convention Pavilion

• Hosts: WWF, ICRAF-CIFOR, IICA, CGIAR, FAO, TMG

• Location: Rio Convention Pavilion

• **Date:** Thursday, 12 May 2022, 9:00 – 17:30

• Target Audience: state actors, cities, civil society, policy makers, indigenous groups, youth, media and more.

• Format : (in person)

60 min sessions



Framing with LDN

For framing the Great Green Food Initiative @ UNCCD we would like to leverage on the three levers as recommended in the report on LDN for Sustainable Agriculture and Food Security.

- Lever Cross-cutting policy responses spanning multiple global agreements: By adopting a 'food systems lens', LDN response actions can further enhance the impact of existing policies and initiatives focused on environmental sustainability, inclusive economic growth, climate stability, and improved public health that are embedded in a range of key global agreements, most notably the SDGs and the Paris Agreement.
- Interdependence of food system demand-side drivers and supply chains: The interdependence of food system demand-side drivers and supply chains provides a singular focus for LDN response actions that simultaneously encourage the uptake of plant-based diets while at the same time reducing food loss and waste.
- Capacity to deliver a coherent suite of on-the-ground actions: Nature-positive food policies that
 incentivize more sustainable practices and ensure supply chain transparency could help unlock the
 constraints in our current food systems. Developing the capacity to deliver a suite of coherent LDN
 response actions at the national level will necessarily include monitoring and evaluation protocols to
 guide future investment.

