



# CARBON AGRI, a result-based carbon farming scheme in livestock

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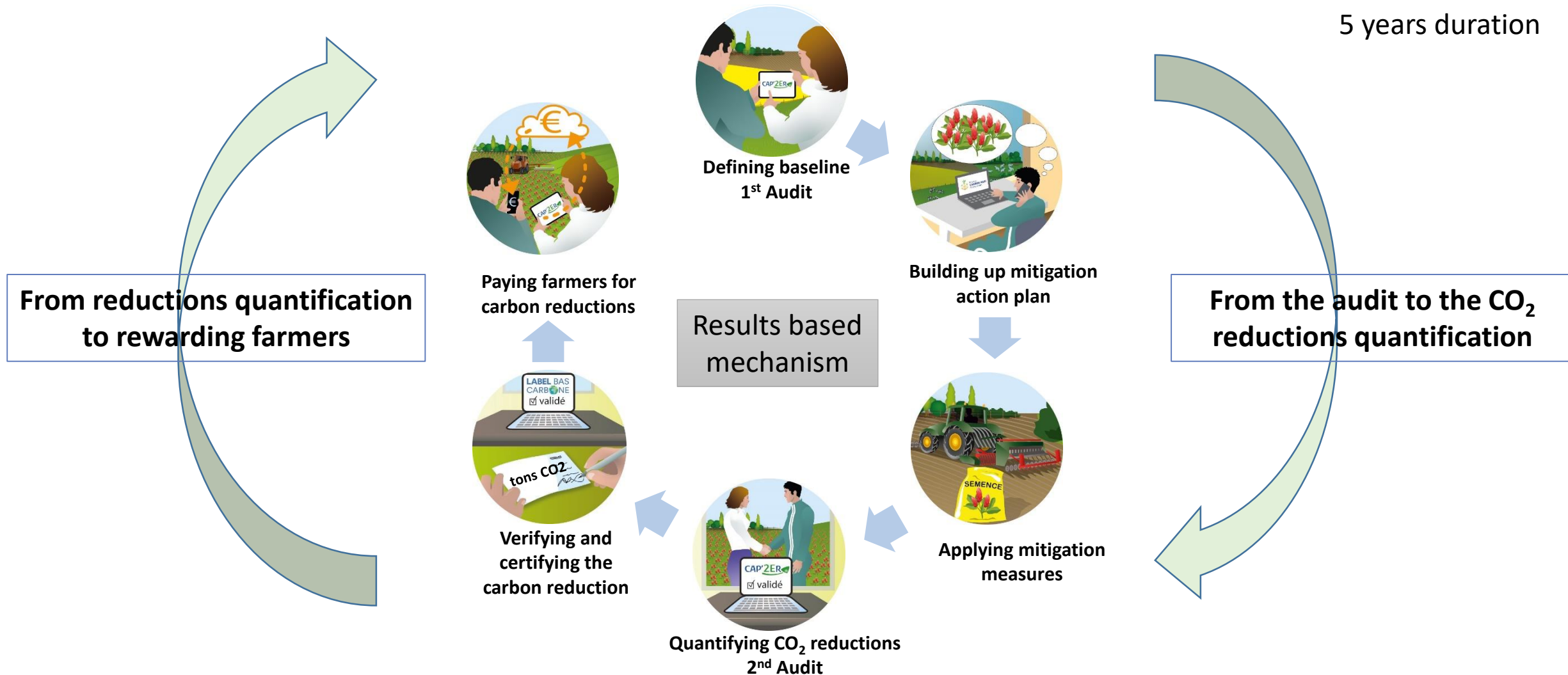
**71<sup>st</sup> Annual Meeting of European Federation of Animal Science**



# CARBON AGRI : A result based methodology



5 years duration





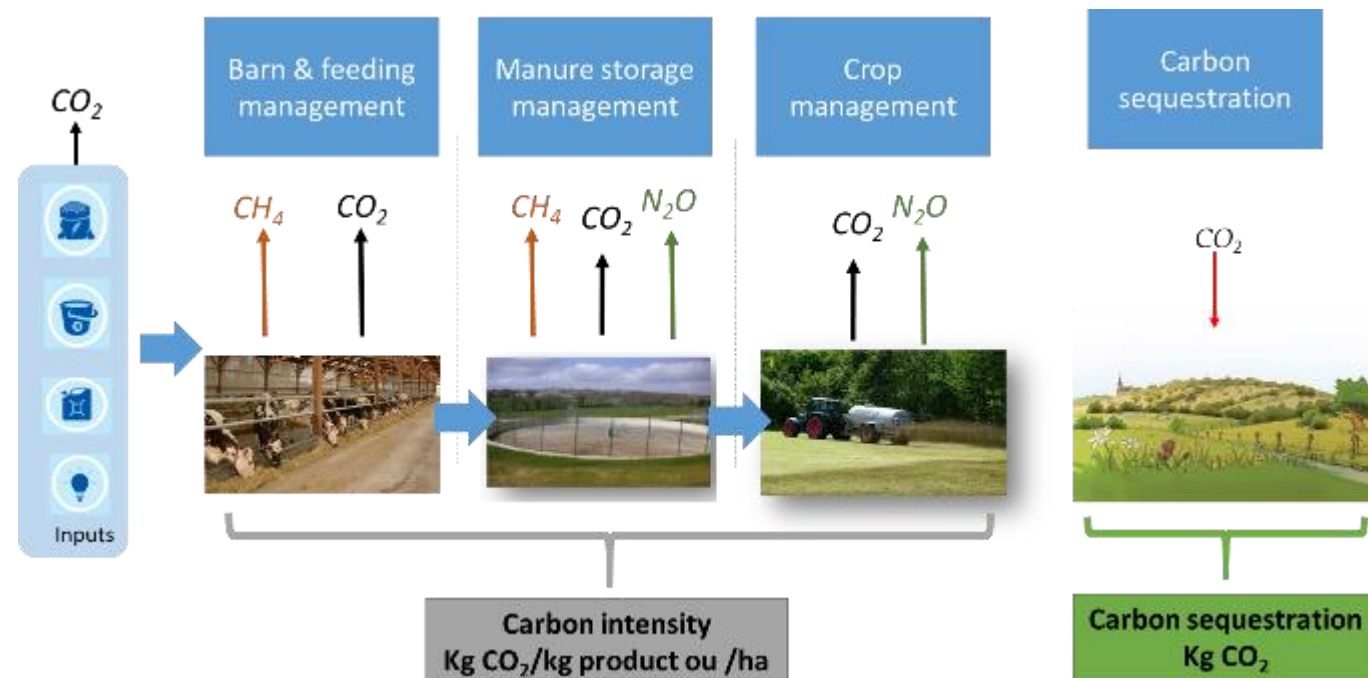
# Audit for making the reference/baseline



**CAP'2ER** AN ENVIRONMENTAL FOOTPRINT CALCULATOR AND DECISION MAKING FOR RUMINANTS LIVESTOCK SYSTEMS

Assess your environmental performances and farm's sustainability, to improve farming systems and practices

A MULTICRITERIA ANALYSIS TO EVALUATE SUSTAINABILITY



Methodology: In accordance with main guidelines



Certified by Ecocert





# Building up a mitigation action plan among 40 mitigations practices



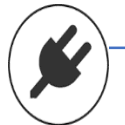
## GHG emissions

## Carbon sequestration



### Inputs

Pasture management,  
Concentrates and fertilizers,  
Legumes, Crops rotation



### Fuel and electricity

No-till cultivation,  
Power and equipment,  
Working organization



### Crops management & fertilization

Legume fodder crops,  
Optimization of fertilizers uses



### Herd management

Increasing productivity  
Reducing number of unproductive  
animals



### Feed

Feed efficiency,  
Forage quality and yield



### Manure management

Time spent in shed vs pasture,  
Biogas production



### Cover crops

Introduce more  
intermediate crops,  
more row intercropping  
and more  
grass strips

### Avoid bare soil

Never leave  
soil bare  
and work it less,  
for example by  
using no-till methods

### Agroforestry

Add to the  
hedges at field  
boundaries  
and develop  
agroforestry

### Grassland management

Optimize  
pasture management  
- with longer  
grazing periods,  
for example



# Main mitigation practices applied



- Mitigation practices must be additional
- Respecting organic nitrogen pressure of the EU nitrates directive
- Preserving carbon storage



## Landscapes & crops

Hedges & agroforestry –  
pasture and legumes –  
Fertilizer use – Manure  
and nitrogen spreading –  
cover crops



## Feeding

Forage quality, pasture  
and concentrates,  
protein autonomy.



## Energy and manure

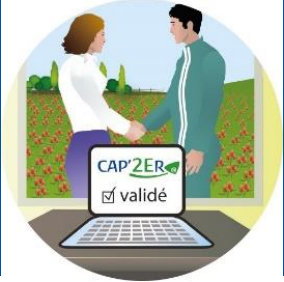
Energy consumption,  
biogaz, slurry cover.



## Herd management

Animal health, shed,  
heifers rearing

**Implementation cost  
From 0 to 100 €/tons CO<sub>2</sub>**



# Quantifying CO<sub>2</sub> reductions



| Baseline GHG emissions and carbon sequestration |   | After 5 years GHG emissions and carbon sequestration |   |                       |
|---|---|--|---|-----------------------|
| Milk carbon footprint x milk production         | - | Milk carbon footprint x milk production              | = | GHG gains in dairy    |
|   |   |  | + |                       |
| Beef carbon footprint x beef production         | - | Beef carbon footprint x beef production              | = | GHG gains in beef     |
|   |   |  | + |                       |
| Crops carbon footprint x crop area              | - | Crops carbon footprint x crop area                   | = | GHG gains in crops    |
|   |   |  | + |                       |
| Carbon sequestration x area                     | - | Carbon sequestration x area                          | = | C sequestration gains |


CARBON AGRI methodology  
 Σ  
 Carbon reductions farm



# Monitoring the environmental co-benefits



| Indicators                                | Units                              |
|---|------------------------------------|
| Increasing contribution to biodiversity   | ha equivalent of biodiversity / ha |
| Reducing ammonia emissions (air quality)  | kg NH <sub>3</sub> / an            |
| Reducing nitrogen balance (water quality) | Kg N / ha / an                     |
| Producing renewable energy                | MJ / an                            |
| Reducing soya bean consumption            | Kg / an                            |
| Increasing catch crops area               | Ha                                 |
| .....                                     |                                    |

-  **Conservation of biodiversity**
-  **Air quality (acidification)**
-  **Water quality (eutrophication)**
-  **Energy production**
-  **Deforestation**
-  **Soil fertility**



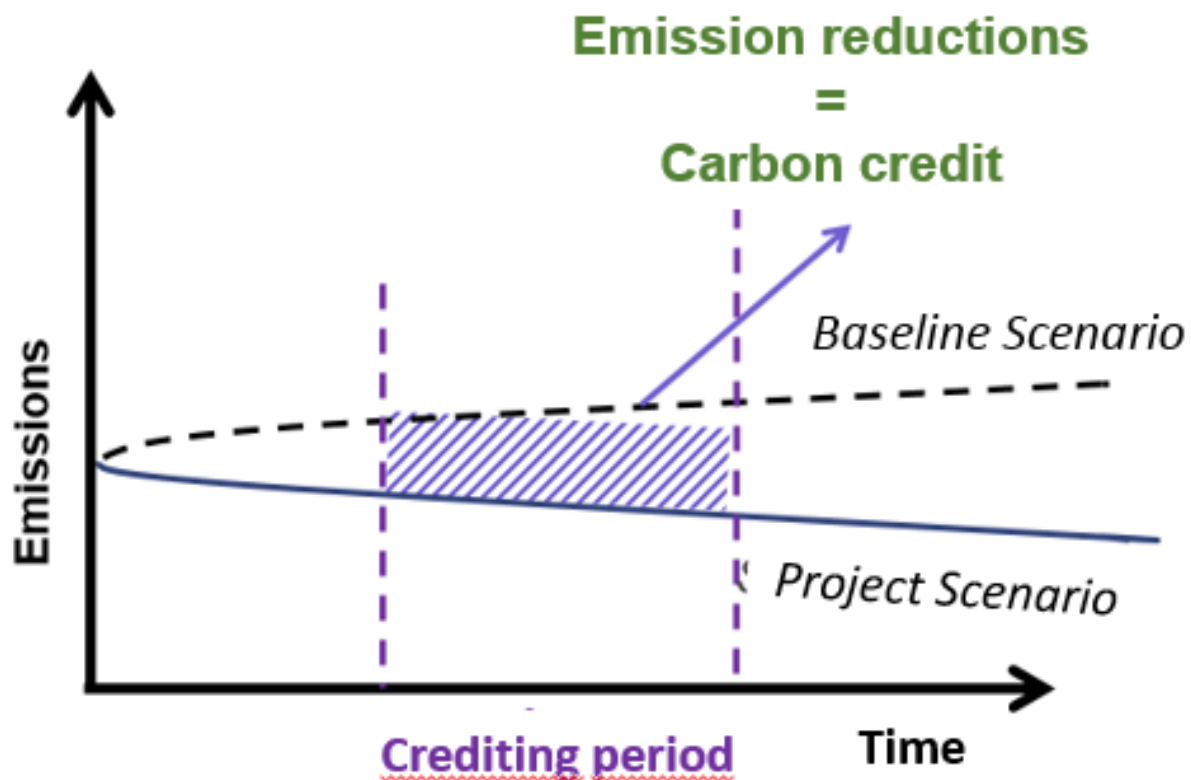
# Carbon reductions Verification and Certification



External auditor



LABEL BAS  
CARBONE





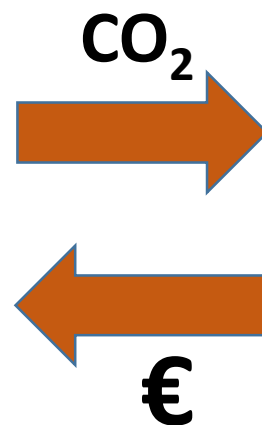


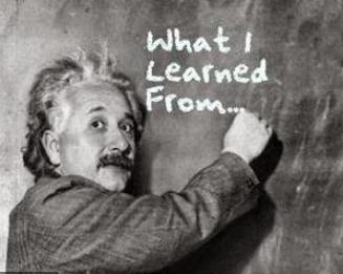
# Result based payment



Average reduction of carbon intensity : 14 %

After 5 years project :  
400 tons of carbon avoided





# Result based carbon farming schemes



- **An innovative mechanism**

- For quantifying and certifying GHG reductions in agriculture (Robust MRV system is essential for the results based approach)
- For developing a transparency accounting and communication
- To lever barriers in applying mitigation practices
- To support farmers in reducing GHG emissions and increasing carbon sequestration
- To mobilize innovative funds for local climate actions

**A mechanism for boosting low carbon initiatives  
and moving to net zero carbon**



# Thanks for your attention

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